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MVI56E-GEC

ControlLogix® Platform Generic ASCII Ethernet Communication Module

April 28, 2023



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MVI56E-GEC User Manual For Public Use.

April 28, 2023

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Power, Input, and Output (I/O) wiring must be in accordance with Class I, Division 2 wiring methods, Article 501-4 (b) of the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70 for installation in the U.S., or as specified in Section 18-1J2 of the Canadian Electrical Code for installations in Canada, and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction. The following warnings must be heeded:

- A WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARD SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MAY IMPAIR SUITABILITY FOR CLASS I, DIV. 2;
- **B** WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARD WHEN IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS, TURN OFF POWER BEFORE REPLACING OR WIRING MODULES
- **C WARNING** EXPLOSION HAZARD DO NOT DISCONNECT EQUIPMENT UNLESS POWER HAS BEEN SWITCHED OFF OR THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE NON-HAZARDOUS.
- D Class 2 Power

MVI (Multi-Vendor Interface) Modules

WARNING - EXPLOSION HAZARD - DO NOT DISCONNECT EQUIPMENT UNLESS POWER HAS BEEN SWITCHED OFF OR THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE NON-HAZARDOUS.

AVERTISSEMENT - RISQUE D'EXPLOSION - AVANT DE DÉCONNECTER L'ÉQUIPEMENT, COUPER LE COURANT OU S'ASSURER QUE L'EMPLACEMENT EST DÉSIGNÉ NON DANGEREUX.

Warnings

North America Warnings

Power, Input, and Output (I/O) wiring must be in accordance with Class I, Division 2 wiring methods, Article 501-4 (b) of the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70 for installation in the U.S., or as specified in Section 18-1J2 of the Canadian Electrical Code for installations in Canada, and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction. The following warnings must be heeded:

- A Warning Explosion Hazard Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.
- B Warning Explosion Hazard When in hazardous locations, turn off power before replacing or rewiring modules.
 C Warning Explosion Hazard Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is
- C Warning Explosion Hazard Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- D Suitable for use in Class I, Division 2 Groups A, B, C and D Hazardous Locations or Non-Hazardous Locations.

ATEX Warnings and Conditions of Safe Usage

Power, Input, and Output (I/O) wiring must be in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.

- A Warning Explosion Hazard When in hazardous locations, turn off power before replacing or wiring modules.
- **B** Warning Explosion Hazard Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- **C** These products are intended to be mounted in an IP54 enclosure. The devices shall provide external means to prevent the rated voltage being exceeded by transient disturbances of more than 40%. This device must be used only with ATEX certified backplanes.
- D DO NOT OPEN WHEN ENERGIZED.

Agency Approvals & Certifications

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1 Start Here

To get the most benefit from this User Manual, you should have the following skills:

- Studio 5000 Logix Designer[®]: launch the program, configure ladder logic, and transfer the ladder logic to the processor
- **Microsoft Windows:** install and launch programs, execute menu commands, navigate dialog boxes, and enter data
- Hardware installation and wiring: install the module, and safely connect Generic Ethernet ASCII and ControlLogix devices to a power source and to the MVI56E-GEC module's Ethernet port

1.1 System Requirements

The MVI56E-GEC module requires the following minimum hardware and software components:

- Rockwell Automation ControlLogix[®] processor (firmware version 10 or higher), with compatible power supply, and one free slot in the rack for the MVI56E-GEC module. The module requires 800 mA of available 5 VDC power and 3 mA of available 24 VDC power.
- Rockwell Automation Studio 5000 Logix Designer programming software
 - Version 16 or higher required for Add-On Instruction
 - Version 15 or lower must use Sample Ladder, available from www.prosoft-technology.com
- Rockwell Automation RSLinx[®] communication software version 2.51 or higher
- ProSoft Configuration Builder (PCB) (included)
- ProSoft Discovery Service (PDS) (included in PCB)
- Pentium[®] II 450 MHz minimum.
- Supported operating systems:
 - Microsoft Windows[®] 10
 - Microsoft Windows[®] 8
 - Microsoft Windows[®] 7 Professional (32-or 64-bit)
 - Microsoft Windows[®] XP Professional with Service Pack 1 or 2
- 128 Mbytes of RAM minimum, 256 Mbytes of RAM recommended
- 100 Mbytes of free hard disk space or more

Note: The Hardware and Operating System requirements in this list are the minimum recommended to install and run software provided by ProSoft Technology[®]. Other third party applications may have different minimum requirements. Refer to the documentation for any third party applications for system requirements.

Note: You can install the module in a local or remote rack. For remote rack installation, the module requires EtherNet/IP or ControlNet communication with the processor.

1.2 Package Contents

Qty. Part Name		Part Number	Part Description
1	MVI56E-GEC Module	MVI56E-GEC	Generic ASCII Ethernet Communication Module

1.3 Installing ProSoft Configuration Builder Software

You must install the *ProSoft Configuration Builder (PCB)* software to configure the module. You can always get the newest version of *ProSoft Configuration Builder* from the ProSoft Technology website.

Installing ProSoft Configuration Builder from the ProSoft website

- 1 Open your web browser and navigate to http://www.prosoft-technology.com/pcb
- 2 Click the **DOWNLOAD HERE** link to download the latest version of *ProSoft Configuration Builder*.
- 3 Choose SAVE or SAVE FILE when prompted.
- 4 Save the file to your *Windows Desktop*, so that you can find it easily when you have finished downloading.
- 5 When the download is complete, locate and open the file, and then follow the instructions on your screen to install the program.

1.4 Setting Jumpers

The Setup Jumper acts as "write protection" for the module's flash memory. In "write protected" mode, the Setup pins are not connected, and the module's firmware cannot be overwritten. Do not jumper the Setup pins together unless you are directed to do so by ProSoft Technical Support.

The following illustration shows the MVI56E-GEC jumper configuration.



Note: If you are installing the module in a remote rack, you may prefer to leave the Setup pins jumpered. That way, you can update the module's firmware without requiring physical access to the module.

1.5 Installing the Module in the Rack

If you have not already installed and configured your ControlLogix processor and power supply, please do so before installing the MVI56E-GEC module. Refer to your Rockwell Automation product documentation for installation instructions.

Warning: You must follow all safety instructions when installing this or any other electronic devices. Failure to follow safety procedures could result in damage to hardware or data, or even serious injury or death to personnel. Refer to the documentation for each device you plan to connect to verify that suitable safety procedures are in place before installing or servicing the device.

After you have checked the placement of the jumpers, insert MVI56E-GEC into the ControlLogix chassis. Use the same technique recommended by Rockwell Automation to remove and install ControlLogix modules.

Warning: When you insert or remove the module while backplane power is on, an electrical arc can occur. This could cause an explosion in hazardous location installations. Verify that power is removed or the area is non-hazardous before proceeding. Repeated electrical arcing causes excessive wear to contacts on both the module and its mating connector. Worn contacts may create electrical resistance that can affect module operation.

- **1** Turn power OFF.
- 2 Align the module with the top and bottom guides, and slide it into the rack until the module is firmly against the backplane connector.



- **3** With a firm but steady push, snap the module into place.
- 4 Check that the holding clips on the top and bottom of the module are securely in the locking holes of the rack.
- 5 Make a note of the slot location. You must identify the slot in which the module is installed in order for the sample program to work correctly. Slot numbers are identified on the green circuit board (backplane) of the ControlLogix rack.
- 6 Turn power ON.

1.6 Opening the Sample Ladder Logic

The sample program for your MVI56E-GEC module includes custom tags, data types and ladder logic for data I/O and status monitoring. For most applications, you can run the sample ladder program without modification, or, for advanced applications, you can incorporate the sample program into your existing application.

Please download the latest MVI56E-GEC ladder logic file from: <u>www.prosoft-technology.com</u>.

1.6.1 Determining the Firmware Version of Your Processor

Important: The RSLinx service must be installed and running on your computer in order for Studio 5000 Logix Designer to communicate with the processor. Refer to your RSLinx and Studio 5000 Logix Designer documentation for help configuring and troubleshooting these applications.

- 1 Start Studio 5000 Logix Designer® and close any existing project that may be loaded.
- 2 Open the **COMMUNICATIONS** menu and choose **GO ONLINE**. Studio 5000 Logix Designer will establish communication with the processor. This may take a few moments.
- **3** When Studio 5000 Logix Designer has established communication with the processor, the *Connected To Go Online* dialog box will open.

Connected To Go Online		×
Options General Date/Time	ə Major Faults Minor Faults Redundancy Nonvolatile Memory	_,
Condition:		
Connected Controller: Controller Name: Controller Type: Comm Path: Security: Offline Project: Controller Name: Controller Type: File: Serial Number: Security:	ControlLogix Controller 1756-L63/A ControlLogix5563 Controller AB_DF1-1\1 001636E3 No Protection	
	Select File Cancel Help	

4 On the *Connected To Go Online* dialog box, click the **GENERAL** tab. This tab shows information about the processor, including the *Revision* (firmware) version. In the following illustration, the firmware version is 17.2.

Connected To G	o Online	X
Options General	Date/Time Major Faults Minor Faults Redundancy No	nvolatile Memory
Vendor:	Allen-Bradley	
Туре:	1756-L63 ControlLogix5563 Controller	Change Controller
Revision:	17.2	
Name:		
Description:		
Chassis Type:	1756-A17 17-Slot ControlLogix Chassis	
Slot:		
Mode:	Remote Run	
	Select File	Cancel Help

1.6.2 Selecting the Slot Number for the Module

This sample application is for a module installed in Slot 1 in a ControlLogix rack. The ladder logic uses the slot number to identify the module. If you are installing the module in a different slot, you must update the ladder logic so that program tags and variables are correct, and do not conflict with other modules in the rack.

Changing the slot number

- 1 In the *Controller Organization* list, select the module and then click the right mouse button to open a shortcut menu.
- 2 On the shortcut menu, choose **PROPERTIES**. This action opens the *Module Properties* dialog box.

Module Properties: Local:1 (1756-MODULE 1.1)						
General* Cor	General* Connection Module Info Backplane					
Type: Parent:	1756-MODULE Generic 1756 Module Local	– Connection Pa	arameters Assembly Instance:	Size:		
Na <u>m</u> e:		<u>I</u> nput:	1	250 🕂] (16-bit)	
Description:	<u> </u>	O <u>u</u> tput:	2	248 .] (16-bit)	
		Configuration:	4	0 ÷] (8-bit)	
Comm Eormat	Data - INT	<u>S</u> tatus Input:				
(Sl <u>o</u> t:		Status Output				
Status: Offline	OK	Cancel	Appl	»	Help	

3 In the *Slot* field, adjust the slot location and then click **OK**.

Studio 5000 Logix Designer will automatically apply the slot number change to all tags, variables and ladder logic rungs that use the MVI56E-GEC slot number for computation.

1.7 Downloading the Sample Program to the Processor

Note: The key switch on the front of the ControlLogix processor must be in the REM or PROG position.

- 1 If you are not already online with the processor, open the *Communications* menu, and then choose **DOWNLOAD**. Studio 5000 Logix Designer will establish communication with the processor.
- 2 When communication is established, Studio 5000 Logix Designer will open a confirmation dialog box. Click the **DOWNLOAD** button to transfer the sample program to the processor.

Dow	nloa	d					×
4	!	Download to Name: Type: Path: Security:	the con My_Co 1756-L(AB_DF <none< th=""><th>ntroller: ontroller 63 ControlLo 71-1 :></th><th>gix5563</th><th>3 Controller</th><th></th></none<>	ntroller: ontroller 63 ControlLo 71-1 :>	gix5563	3 Controller	
		Downloa	ad	Cancel		Help	

- **3** Studio 5000 Logix Designer will compile the program and transfer it to the processor. This process may take a few minutes.
- 4 When the download is complete, Studio 5000 Logix Designer will open another confirmation dialog box. If the key switch is in the REM position, click **OK** to switch the processor from PROGRAM mode to RUN mode.

RSLogix	5000	
⚠	Done downloading, Change controller mode back to Remote Run	?
	Yes No	

Note: If you receive an error message during these steps, refer to your Studio 5000 Logix Designer documentation to interpret and correct the error.

2 Using ProSoft Configuration Builder

2.1 **ProSoft Configuration Builder**

ProSoft Configuration Builder (PCB) provides a quick and easy way to manage module configuration files customized to meet your application needs. PCB also allows you to import information from previously installed (known working) configurations to new projects.

2.1.1 Adding the MVI56E-GEC Module to the Project

1 Use the mouse to select **DEFAULT MODULE** in the tree view, and then click the right mouse button to open a shortcut menu. Select **CHOOSE MODULE TYPE**. This action opens the *Choose Module Type* dialog box.



2 In the *Product Line Filter* area of the dialog box, select **MVI56E**. In the *Select Module Type* dropdown list, select **MVI56E-GEC**, and then click **OK**.

oose Moo	lule Type				
		Produ	ct Line Filter —		
c	C PLX4000	C PLX6000	C MVI46	C MVI56	C MVI71
	C PLX5000	C PLX30	C MVI69	MVI56E	C PTQ
	C MVI69E	C MVI69L	C PLX80		
		Search	Module Type -		
STEP 1:	Select Module T	ype	Module Definit	ion:	
			Generic Ether	net Communica	tion Module
,					
MV156E	-GEC	<u> </u>			
MVI56E MVI56E	-618505 -DNPNET				
MVI56E	-FLN				
MVI56E MVI56E	-GEC -GSC	2	Acti	on Required	
MVI56E	-MCM				
MVI56E	-MOMR				
MVI56E	-MNETC				
MVI56E	-MNETR		UnC	book if Not Llos	.a
MVI56E	-SIE twork	Used	one	ALCON IN NOT USE	
V Co	mment	Used			

2.1.2 Renaming PCB Objects

At this time, you may wish to rename the *Default Project* and *Default Location* folders in the tree view.

🚳 Untitled - ProSoft Configuration Builder			-		×	<
File View Project Tools Help						
🗋 🤌 🖬 🕇 — 🖄 🕑 🔸 🐜 🥘 .						
Default Project → Default Location → Jan Server 0 → Jan Server 1 → Jan Server 2 → Jan Server 3 → Jan Server 4 → Jan Se	Name ✓ MVI56E-GEC MVI56E Server 0 Server 1 Server 2 Server 3 Server 4 Network Comment ✓ # Module Information # Last Change: Never # Last Download: Never # Application Rev: # Joader Rev: # MAC Address: # ConfigEdit Version: 4	Status Configured GCE5 Values OK Values OK Values OK Values OK Values OK Values OK			>	~ ^
Ready		MVI56E-GEC	САР	NUM	> SCRL	

- 1 Select the object, and then click the right mouse button to open a shortcut menu. From the shortcut menu, choose **RENAME.**
- 2 Type the name to assign to the object.
- 3 Click *away* from the object to save the new name.

Configuring Module Parameters

- 1 Click on the [+] sign next to the module icon to expand module information.
- 2 Click on the [+] sign next to any k^{-1} icon to view module information and configuration options.
- **3** Double-click any is icon to open an *Edit* dialog box.
- 4 To edit a parameter, select the parameter in the left pane and make your changes in the right pane.
- 5 Click **OK** to save your changes.

Creating Optional Comment Entries

- 1 Click the [+] to the left of the Definition to expand the module comments.
- 2 Double-click the Module Comment icon. The Edit Module Comment dialog box appears.

Edit - Module Comment		×
Comment	Put Comment Here	Comment
		Comment: Put Comment Here
		The ":" and "#" characters are reserved characters. It is strongly recommended not be use in the comment section.
	2	Reset Tag Reset All

3 Enter your comment and click **OK** to save your changes.

Printing a Configuration File

- 1 Select the module icon, and then click the right mouse button to open a shortcut menu.
- 2 On the shortcut menu, choose **VIEW CONFIGURATION.** This action opens the *View Configuration* window.
- 3 In the *View Configuration* window, open the **FILE** menu, and choose **PRINT.** This action opens the *Print* dialog box.
- 4 In the *Print* dialog box, choose the printer to use from the drop-down list, select printing options, and then click **OK**.

2.2 [Server x]

You can configure up to five servers ([Server 0] through [Server 4]). The configuration section for each server contains the same set of parameters. You can configure the parameters for each server to meet the requirements of your application.

2.2.1 Enabled

Yes or No

This parameter determines if the server will be utilized by the module. If a value of "Yes" is entered, the server will be used. Any other value will disable the server.

2.2.2 Service Port Number

1 to 65535

This parameter sets the TCP/IP service port for this server. Each server can have its own unique service port or can share the same number with other servers.

2.2.3 Connection Timeout

0 or 5000 to 65535

This parameter specifies the number of milliseconds the server will permit the server to be inactive after a connection is made before closing the socket. This timeout period is reset on each read or write packet. If the parameter is set to 0, the connection will not timeout.

2.2.4 Connection Close Type

0, 1 or 2

This coded parameter defines the personality of the server after a connection is made. If the parameter is set to 0, the socket will only be closed when a request from the client is received or the connection timeout is exceeded. If a value of 1 is selected, the server will close the socket after it transmits a single message. If a value of 2 is selected, the server will close the socket after it receives a message.

2.2.5 Swap Rx Data Bytes

Yes or No

This parameter determines if the data received by the server will have the byte order of the data swapped. If the parameter is set to No, no byte swapping will occur. If the parameter is set to Yes, the odd byte will be swapped with the even byte in each word of data received.

2.2.6 Swap Tx Data Bytes

Yes or No

This parameter determines if the data to be transmitted by the module will have the byte order of the data swapped. If the parameter is set to No, no byte swapping will occur. If the parameter is set to Yes, the odd byte will be swapped with the even byte in each word of data received.

2.3 Ethernet 1 Configuration

Use this procedure to configure the Ethernet settings for your module. You must assign an IP address, subnet mask and gateway address. After you complete this step, you can connect to the module with an Ethernet cable.

1 Determine the network settings for your module, with the help of your network administrator if necessary. You will need the following information: IP address (fixed IP required), Subnet mask, Gateway address

Note: The gateway address is not required for networks that do not use a default gateway.

2 Double-click the **ETHERNET 1** icon.



3 This action opens the *Edit – Ethernet 1* dialog box.

Edit - Ethernet 1		×
IP Address Netmask Gateway	192.168.0.250 255.255.255.0 192.168.0.1	IP Address
		Comment:
		Definition: Default private class 3 address
		Reset Tag Reset <u>A</u> ll
		OK Cancel

- 4 Edit the values for my_ip, netmask (subnet mask) and gateway (default gateway).
- 5 When you are finished editing, click **OK** to save your changes and return to the *ProSoft Configuration Builder* window.

2.4 Assigning a Temporary IP Address

You can assign a temporary IP address to the module using the ProSoft Discovery Service utility. This utility is installed within ProSoft Configuration Builder (PCB).

1 In PCB, click on the *Diagnostics* icon in the shortcuts menu, or right-click on the module's icon and select **DIAGNOSTICS**.



2 The *Diagnostics* dialog opens. Click on the *Connection Setup* icon, or select **CONNECTION > CONNECTION SETUP**.

of Diagnostics		×
Connection Log Module		
Cannot Connect to IP Address	Cannot Connect to IP Address	Time : 15.42.34 <u>^</u>
Path "Ethernat , 192 158 0 250"		¥

3 In the *Connection Setup* dialog box, click **BROWSE DEVICE(S)** to start *ProSoft Discovery Service*.

Connection Setup X						
Select Connection Type: Ethernet						
Ethernet						
ProSoft Discovery Service (PDS) Browse Device(s)						
CIPconnect						
t:192.168.0.100,p:1,s:0\$56						
CIP Path Edit						
Test Connection Cancel						

4 ProSoft Discovery Service scans the network for ProSoft devices. Click on the icon to manually initiate a search.

Nosoft Discovery Service	_	×
0		0
3		
Browse for ProSoft modules		
Click the search icon to begin the browse		
Reprosoft Discovery Service	_	 ×
A Prosoft Discovery Service	-	×
Prosoft Discovery Service N: 0000E073 M/155E-GEC 192 168 0 250	-	× @
Prosoft Discovery Service Sn: 0000E073 MVISE-GEC 192.160.0.250 Click the search icon to begin the browse	-	× •

5 Right-click the module icon and select ASSIGN TEMPORARY IP.



6 Enter the Temporary IP and Network Mask.



7 To view the current parameters of the MVI56E-GEC, right-click on the module icon and select *Device Details*.

🛔 Prosoft Dis	covery Service —		\times
Q			• 🕥
Sn: MV 192	: 0000E073 /156E-GEC 2.168.0.250 Device Details	x	
	Serial Number: 0000E073		
	IP Address: 192.168.0.250		
	Temporary IP Address: 192.168.1.56		
	Product Type: ILX56		
	Product Code: MVI56E-GEC		
	Close		
Click the search	i con to begin the browse		.::

2.5 Downloading the Configuration File to the Module

1 In the ProSoft Configuration Builder tree view, right-click the module icon and choose **DOWNLOAD FROM PC TO DEVICE**.



2 In the Download Files from PC to Module dialog box, select **BROWSE DEVICES**.

ownload files from PC to	omodule	>	
-STEP 1: Select Comr	nunication Path:		
Select Connection	Type: Ethernet 💌	Browse Device(s)	
Ethernet:	192 . 168 . 0 . 250	Use Default IP	
CIPconnect:		CIP Path Edit	
		RSWho	
STEP 2: Transfer File	(s):		
DOWNLOAD	Abort	Test Connection	
	OK	Cancel	

3 In the *ProSoft Discovery Service* dialog, double-click on the **MVI56E-GEC** icon:

R Prosoft Discovery Service	_	×
i 😋		0
Sn: 0000E073 MVI56E-GEC 192 168 0.250		
Click the search icon to begin the browse		.:

4 The *IP address* field is populated with the module's IP address. Click **DOWNLOAD** to confirm the operation:

Download files from PC t	o module	×
J		
STEP 1: Select Com	Tunication Path:	
Select Connection	Type: Ethernet	Browse Device(s)
Ethernet:	192 . 168 . 0 . 172	Use Default IP
CIPconnect:		CIP Path Edit
		RSWho
STEP 2: Transfer File	:(s):	
DOWNLOAD	Abort	Test Connection
	ок	Cancel

5 Once the download is complete, the status field shows 'Module Running'. Click **OK**.

Download files from PC to	o module	×
Module Running		
STEP 1: Select Comr	nunication Path:	
Select Connection	Type: Ethernet 💌	Browse Device(s)
Ethernet:	192 . 168 . 0 . 172	Use Default IP
CIPconnect:	<u>k</u>	CIP Path Edit
		RSWho
STEP 2: Transfer File	(s):	
DOWNLOAD	Abort	Test Connection
	ок	Cancel

3 Configuring the Module in Studio 5000 Logix Designer

Ladder logic is required for application of the MVI56E-GEC module. Tasks that must be handled by the ladder logic are module data transfer, special block handling, and status data receipt. Additionally, a power-up handler may be needed to handle the initialization of the module's data and to clear any processor fault conditions.

The sample ladder logic is extensively commented, to provide information on the purpose and function of each rung. For most applications, the sample ladder will work without modification.

3.1 Configuring the MVI56E-GEC in Studio 5000 Logix Designer

1 Right-click the mouse button on the *I/O Configuration* option in the *Controller Organizer* window to display a pop-up menu. Select the **New MODULE** option.

Controller Organiz	ter	→ ậ :	×
🕫 🗀 Controller	MVI56GEC		7
🛓 🧀 Tasks			
🛓 🗀 Motion Gr	oups		
🛓 🧀 Add-On Ir	structions		
🛓 🧀 Data Type	s		
🛓 🗀 Trends			
🛓 🧁 🔄 I/O Confic	uration		
📥 🖅 1 🎁	New Module	N	
- 6	Discover Modules	48	
	Cut	Ctrl+X	
66	Сору	Ctrl + C	
•	Paste	Ctrl+∀	
	Print	•	

2 In the Select Module Type dialog, select the **1756-MODULE** option and click the **CREATE** button.

		e jype	<u>C</u> lear	Filters		Hide Filter	s 🛠
V	Module	Type Category Filters	*	V	Module Type Vendor	Filters	*
V	Analog		=		Allen-Bradley		E
V	Communication				Advanced Micro Controls Inc. (AMC	3)	
V	Controller			V	Hardy Process Solutions		
V	Digital		-	V	Molex Incorporated		-
•			• •		III	III	
•	Catalog Number	Description			Vendor	Category	^
1	1756-M16SE	16 Axis SERCOS Interfa	ce		Allen-Bradley	Motion	
1	1756-MODULE	Generic 1756 Module			Allen-Bradley	Other	
1	1756-0A16	16 Point 74V-265V AC C	lutput		Allen-Bradley	Digital	
1	1756-0A16l	16 Point 74V-265V AC I:	solated 0	lutput	Allen-Bradley	Digital	
1	1756-0A8	8 Point 74V-265V AC Οι	itput		Allen-Bradley	Digital	
1	1756-0A8D	8 Point 74V-132V AC Di	agnostic	Outpu	t Allen-Bradley	Digital	-
_							

3 In the *New Module* dialog, enter the *Name*, *Description*, and *Slot* options for your application, then click on the *Connection* tab.

📧 Module Prop	erties Report: Local:1 (1756-MOE	DULE	1.1)			-
General Conn	ection Module Info Backplane					
Туре:	1756-MODULE Generic 1756 Mod	ule				
Parent:	Local		- Connection Pa	rameters Assembly Instance:	Size:	
Na <u>m</u> e:	MVI56E_GEC		Input:	1	250	🚔 (16-bit)
Descri <u>p</u> tion:	Generic ASCII Ethernet Module	*	O <u>u</u> tput:	2	248	🚔 (16-bit)
		-	Configuration:	4	0	🚔 (8-bit)
Comm <u>F</u> ormat:	Data - INT	-	<u>S</u> tatus Input:			-
Sl <u>o</u> t:	1		Status Output:			-
Status: Offline	ОК		Cancel	Apply	, [Help

Parameter	Value
NAME	MVI56E_GEC
DESCRIPTION	Enter a description for the module. Example: Generic ASCII Ethernet Communication Module
Comm Format	Select DATA-INT
SLOT	Enter the slot number in the rack where the MVI56E-GEC module is located
INPUT ASSEMBLY INSTANCE	1
INPUT SIZE	250
OUTPUT ASSEMBLY INSTANCE	2
OUTPUT SIZE	248
CONFIGURATION ASSEMBLY INSTANCE	4
CONFIGURATION SIZE	0

4 In the Connection tab, select the Request Packet Interval value for scanning the I/O on the module. This value represents the minimum frequency the module will handle scheduled events. This value should not be set to less than 1 millisecond. Values between 1 and 10 milliseconds should work with most applications. Click OK.

New Module	×
General* Connection Vendor	
Requested Packet Interval (RPI): 2.0 ms (1.0 - 750.0)	
🔲 Inhibit Module	
Major Fault On Controller If Connection Fails While in Run Mode	
Module Fault	
Status: Creating OK Cancel	Help

5 The *I/O Configuration* now displays the module's presence.



3.2 Ladder Logic

The MVI56E-GEC ladder logic can be used as-is (Download from <u>www.prosoft-technology.com</u>).

If you need to add the MVI56E-GEC ladder logic to an existing ControlLogix application, you can export the sample ladder logic components to a .L5X file. This allows you to import the .L5X file into the existing application.

3.2.1 Exporting the MVI56E-GEC .L5X File

- 1 Download the sample ladder logic program (*MVI56EGEC.ACD*) from www.prosofttechnology.com
- 2 Open the *MVI56EGEC.ACD* file.
- 3 In the *Controller Organizer* window, right-click on the *Tasks > Main Task > MainProgram* folder. Click on the **EXPORT PROGRAM** option.

Controller Organizer				🗕 🕂 🗛
📺 🗀 Controller M	VI560	GEC		
🛓 🖂 Tasks				
📄 🧔 MainTasl	(
🕂 📑 Main	Progr	am .		
👘 🧰 Unsched		New Routine		
🖶 🔲 Motion Grou		Import Routine		
Data Types	Х	Cut	Ctrl+X	
🕂 🗀 Trends	8	Сору	Ctrl+C	
🛓 🔄 I/O Configur	ß	Paste	Ctrl+V	
📄 🛲 1756 Bac		Delete	Del	
U [U] 1/ 		Vavi f i		
		Verity Crease Bafananaa	Chilly F	
		Browse Logic	Ctrl +L	
		Accept Pending Program Edits		
		Cancel Pending Program Edits		
		Test Accepted Program Edits		
		Untest Accepted Program Edits		
		Assemble Accepted Program Edits		
		Cancel Accepted Program Edits		
		Finalize All Edits in Program	Ctrl+Shift+F	
		Print	•	
		Export Program	<i>↓</i>	
		Properties	Alt+Enter	
'				

4 Select a storage location to save the *MainProgram.L5X* file. Click the **EXPORT** button.

👸 Export Progra	m			×
Save in:	MVI56E-GEC	•	G 🌶 🖻 🗔 -	
Ca	Name	*	Date modified	Туре
Recent Places		This folder is empt	у.	
Desktop				
Libraries				
Computer				
	•			•
Network	File <u>n</u> ame:	MainProgram		<u>Export</u>
	Save as type:	RSLogix 5000 XML File (*.L5X)	-	Cancel
	<u>File description:</u>		*	Help
	☑ Encode Source	Protected Content		.H

5 Verify the *MainProgram.L5X* file has been successfully exported.

C→ → MVI56E-GEC		 ✓ 	rch MVI56E-GEC	م
Organize 🔻 🥔 Open 🔻 Share with 🔻	Burn New folder		:==	• 🔟 🔞
☆ Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
📃 Desktop	📄 MainProgram.L5X	2/12/2020 10:47 AM	Logix Designer X	311 KB
Downloads Recent Places inRAx Ladder_Released Documents Music Pictures Videos				
MainProgram.L5X Date modifie Logix Designer XML File Siz	d: 2/12/2020 10:47 AM e: 310 KB	Date created: 2/12/2020 10):47 AM	

3.2.2 Importing the MVI56E-GEC .L5X file Into an Studio 5000 Project

1 Within the existing Studio 5000 Logix Designer Project, add the MVI56E-GEC module to the *I/O Configuration*. (For further instructions, see Configuring the MVI56E-GEC in Studio 5000 Logix Designer on page 24).

🛓 📇 I/O Configurati	on		
📥 🚍 1756 Backp	ane.	1756-A4	
🛅 [0] 1756	1	New Module	
🖞 [1] 1756		Discover Modules	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	ß	Paste	Ctrl+V
		Properties	Alt+Enter
		Print	•

2 In the *Controller Organizer* window, right-click on the *Tasks > Main Task* folder. Select the **IMPORT PROGRAM** option.



3 Select the (previously exported) MVI56E-GEC *MainProgram.L5X* file and click the **IMPORT** button.

Look jn:	NVI56E-GEC		G 🤌 📂 🛄 🗸	
Secent Places	Name 🗿 MainProgra	^ m.L5X	Date modified 2/12/2020 10:47 AM	Type Logix D
Desktop				
Cibraries				
Computer				
(tille) Network	•	III		
	File <u>n</u> ame:	MainProgram	-	I <u>m</u> port
	Files of type:	RSLogix 5000 XML Files (*.L5X)	-	Cancel
	Files <u>c</u> ontaining:	🕞 Program	•	Help
	Into:	🔀 Main Task	-	

4 In the *Import Configuration* dialog, edit the **Local:x:I** and **Local:x:O** tags to correspond to the slot position of the MVI56E-GEC. Then click **OK**.

Find Within: Final Name Import Content: MainTask Program Tags References Perferences Data Types Dther Components Errors/Warnings	Configu 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	re Tag Reference Import Name A0156EGEC GEC Local:1:1 Local:1:0 MV156EGECCL MV156EGECCL ReadClockMSG	s Operation Use Existing Use Existing Use Existing Use Existing Use Existing Use Existing		Final Name A AOI56EGEC_Opti GEC Loca 10 MVI56EGECClock MVI56EGECEthe ReadClockMSG		Alias For	Data Type A0156EGE GECModule AB:1756 GECClock GECClock GECEthem MESSAGE	Description
	- 9 9 9	ReadEthernet WriteClockMSG WriteEthernet	Use Existing Use Existing Use Existing		ReadEthernetMSG WriteClockMSG WriteEthernetMSG			MESSAGE MESSAGE MESSAGE	4
OK Cancel Help									

5 Upon successful import, the MVI56E-GEC ladder logic, Controller Tags, and UDT's are now visible in the Studio 5000 Logix Designer project.



3.3 Optional Add-On Instruction

The Optional AOI supports the following optional features:

- Read/Write IP Address
- Read/Write Date Time

Using controller tags, the Optional AOI allows you to request and set the module's IP address, date, and time. These optional features are not supported by the MVI56-GEC legacy module.

Note: The Optional AOI may be added to an existing legacy MVI56-GEC application to add the new functionality during a module replacement.

1 Add a new rung to the existing processor ladder logic. Right-click on the new rung and select *Import Rungs...*



2 In the *Import Rungs* dialog, select the Optional AOI file: *MVI56E_GEC_Optional_AddOn_Rung.L5X* and click on the **IMPORT** button.

👸 Import Rungs						X
Look jn:	MVI56E-GEC	•	6	ø 🖻	.	
Ca	Name	*		Date mo	dified	Туре
Recent Places	HVI56E_GEC	_Optional_AddOn_Rung_v1_0.L5X		1/21/202	0 3:42 PM	Logix
Desktop						
Cibraries						
Computer						
	•	m				Þ
Network	File <u>n</u> ame:	MVI56E_GEC_Optional_AddOn_Run	ng_v1	_0 •	Imp	port
	Files of type:	RSLogix 5000 XML Files (*.L5X)		-	Ca	ancel
	Files <u>c</u> ontaining:	H Rungs		-	H	lelp
	Int <u>o</u> :	MainRoutine (MainProgram)		-		
	Overwrite Selec	ted Rungs				ai

3 At the *Import Configuration* window, select the *Operation* parameter to **CREATE**. Then click **OK**.

Import Configuration			X
🗶 🍒 Find: Find Within: Final Name	→ ▲ ▲		
Import Content:			
- 🚑 MainTask	Configure Rung I	Properties	
MainProgram	Imported Rungs:	1 [
Comment of the second sec	Uperation:	Arter Hung Arter Hung Configured in the References folders	U
🚩 🔤 🔤 🔤 🖓 🖓 🖓	Routine Proper	ies	
- 🔯 Errors/Warnings	Name:	MainRoutine	
	<u>D</u> escription:	×	
	Туре:	🗎 Ladder Diagram	
	In Program:	🕰 MainProgram	
۲			
			OK Cancel Help
Ready			

4 The imported AOI rung is now in place.

Í	MainProg	gram - Mair	Routine		×
	电 5	3 e e	abcd ab ab 💌 <ab></ab>		
(End)			MVI56E-GEC Optional Add-On Ethernet/Clock. —AOI56EGEC_Optional MVI56E-GEC Optional Add-On Ethernet/Clock. AOI56EGEC_Optional AOI56EGEC_Optional MVI56EGECEthernet MVI56EGECEthernet MVI56EGECEthernet MVI56EGECClock MVI56EGECEthernet MVI56EGECClock MVI56EGECEthernet ReadEthernetMSG WViteEthernetMSG ReadClockMSG ReadClockMSG WriteClockMSG WriteClockMSG WriteClockMSG WriteClockMSG	× m

3.3.1 Setting Up the Optional AOI

1 Click on the *ReadEthernetMSG* icon to configure the message route:

MVI56E-GEC Optional Add-On						
	Etherne	et/Clock.				
	AOI56EG	EC_Optional	_			
	MVI56E-GEC Optional.	Add-On Ethernet/Clock.				
	AOI56EGEC_Optional	AOI56EGEC_Optional)			
	MVI56EGECEthernet	MVI56EGECEthernet				
	MVI56EGECClock	MVI56EGECClock				
	ReadEthernetMSG	ReadEthernetMSG)			
	WriteEthernetMSG	WriteEthernetMSG)			
	ReadClockMSG	ReadClockMSG)			
	WriteClockMSG	WriteClockMSG)			

2 In the *Message Configuration* dialog, under the *Communication* tab, select the **BROWSE** button.

Configuration Communication Tag	3		
Path:			Browse
🔵 Broadcast: 🔍 💌]		
Communication Method			
⊚ C <u>I</u> P ⊚ D <u>H</u> + <u>C</u> hannel:	'A'	<u>D</u> estinatio	on Link: 🛛 🕀
CIP With Source Line	< 0	Destinatio	on <u>N</u> ode: 0 🔄 (Octal)
Connected	🗸 Cach <u>e</u>	Connections	← Large Connection
) Enable 🔾 Enable Waiting	🔾 Start	🔾 Done	Done Length: 0
⊖ Error Code: Extende £rror Path: Error Text:	d Error Code:		🥅 Timed Out 🗲
	OK	Canaal	

3 In the Message Path Browser dialog, select the MVI56E-GEC module and click OK.

Me:	ssage Path Browser
<u>P</u> ath:	MVI56E_GEC
	MVI56E_GEC
(1/0 Configuration 1756 Backplane, 1756-A4 1756 Backplane, 1756-A4 10 1756-L73 MVI56GEC 11 1756-MDDULE MVI56E_GEC
	OK Cancel Help

4 The module name is now displayed in the *Path* field. Click **OK** to confirm the route configuration.

⊚ <u>P</u> atł	n: MVI56E_GE MVI56E_GEI	с С				<u>B</u> rowse	
🔵 Broa	dcast:						
Commun CIP CIP	iication Method ● D <u>H</u> + □ <u>V</u> ith <u>S</u> ce ID <u>S</u>	hannel: ource Link:	'A' 0	Destinati	on Link: on <u>N</u> ode:		(Octal)
Con	nected		√ Cach <u>e</u>	Connections	٠	Large Cor	nnection
) Enable	⊖ Enable W	aiting () Start	🔾 Done	Done	Length: 0	
C Error Coo	le:	Extended	Error Code:		🔳 Ti	med Out 🗲	

- **5** Repeat the same procedure to set the route for the remaining messages:
 - WriteEthernetMSG
 - ReadClockMSG
 - WriteClockMSG

4 Sending and Receiving ASCII Data

4.1 Sending ASCII Data

The MVI56E-GEC, whether used as a client or server, can send ASCII texts to a remote device.

4.1.1 Sending ASCII Text as a Client

Use the following steps to configure the MVI56E-GEC as a client to send an ASCII string to a remote device (server). The MVI56E-GEC can simultaneously connect and send data to up to five servers.

- GEC.Clients	{}
GEC.Clients[0]	{}
Image: GEC.Clients[0].ConnectionSetup	{}
	{}
	0
	0
	{}
	0
	0
GEC.Clients[0].Flags	{}
GEC.Clients[0].Flags.Connect	0
GEC.Clients[0].Flags.WriteData	0
GEC.Clients[0].Flags.CloseConnection	0
GEC.Clients[0].Util	{}

- 1 Enter the IP address of the server at GEC.CLIENTS[X].CONNECTIONSETUP.SERVERIP.
- 2 Enter the service port of the server at GEC.CLIENTS[X].CONNECTIONSETUP.SERVICEPORT.
- 3 Enter the text to be sent at **GEC.CLIENTS[X].WRITEDATA**.
- 4 Enter the number of characters to be sent at GEC.CLIENTS[X].WRITEDATACOUNT
- 5 Set the bit at **GEC.CLIENTS[X].FLAGS.CONNECT** to open the connection to the server.
- 6 Set the bit at **GEC.CLIENTS[X].FLAGS.WRITEDATA** to send the message.
- 7 (Optional) Set the bit at GEC.CLIENTS[X].FLAGS.CLOSECONNECTION to close the connection.
- 8 **GEC.STAT.CLIENT[x].TxCount** increments by 1 on every transmission.
4.1.2 Sending ASCII Text as a Server

The remote Client must initiate a socket connection before the Server can transmit data to the Client.

- 1 Enter the data to be sent at **GEC.SERVERS[X].WRITEDATA**.
- 2 Enter the number of characters to be sent at GEC.SERVERS[X].WRITEDATACOUNT.
- 3 Set the bit at GEC.SERVERS[X].FLAGS.WRITEDATA to send the message.
- 4 (Optional) Set the bit at **GEC.SERVERS[X].FLAGS.CLOSECONNECTION** to close the connection.
- **5 GEC. SERVERS[X].UTIL.WRITECOUNT** increments by 1 on every transmission.

GEC.Servers	{}
GEC.Servers[0]	{}
Image: Hereit Herei	{}
Image: Hereit GEC.Servers[0].ReadDataCount	31
Image: Here and the second	2031
GEC.Servers[0].WriteData	{}
	2026
GEC.Servers[0].WriteTotalCount	0
GEC.Servers[0].Flags	{}
GEC.Servers[0].Flags.InitiateWriteData	0
GEC.Servers[0].Flags.CloseConnection	0
GEC.Servers[0].Util	{}
-GEC.Servers[0].Util.ReadingBlocks	0
	0
GEC.Servers[0].Util.WritingBlocks	0
EC.Servers[0].Util.WriteIndex	0
	0
	26
GEC.Servers[0].Util.LastWriteCount	26

4.2 Receiving ASCII Data

The MVI56E-GEC, whether used as a client or server, can receive incoming ASCII texts from a remote device.

4.2.1 Receiving ASCII Text as a Client

The MVI56E-GEC can receive ASCII strings from the same server it sends to. Since the client socket connection has already been established with the server, the incoming data will be stored in the **GEC.CLIENTS**[X].READDATA array.

- GEC.Clients	{}
GEC.Clients[0]	{}
	{}
∃ GEC.Clients[0].ReadData	{}
	36
∃ GEC.Clients[0].ReadTotalCount	2036
	{}
∃ GEC.Clients[0].WriteDataCount	2021
∃-GEC.Clients[0].WriteTotalCount	0
	{}
GEC.Clients[0].Util	{}
∃ GEC.Clients[0].Util.LastTxCount	27035
∃ GEC.Clients[0].Util.LastRxCount	-14143
- GEC.Clients[0].Util.ReadingBlocks	0
∃ GEC.Clients[0].Util.ReadIndex	0
- GEC.Clients[0].Util.WritingBlocks	0
GEC.Clients[0].Util.WriteIndex	0
-GEC.Clients[0].Util.WriteData	0
∃ GEC.Clients[0].Util.WriteCount	21
	21

- 1 When the MVI56E-GEC receives an ASCII string from a server, the GEC.STAT.CLIENT[x].RxCount controller tag increments by 1. You will need to monitor this tag to determine a new message was received.
- 2 The GEC.CLIENT[X].READDATA array contains the ASCII text of the new message. This array is overwritten every time a new string is received. You will need to create logic that monitors when a new message is received (GEC.STAT.CLIENT[X].RXCOUNT increases by 1), and copies the text out of the GEC.CLIENTS[X].READDATA ARRAY.
- 3 The number of characters received in the new message is located at **GEC.CLIENTS[X].READDATACOUNT**.
- 4 The accumulated total number of characters received is located at **GEC.CLIENTS[X].READTOTALCOUNT**.

4.2.2 Receiving ASCII Text as a Server

When a server port of the MVI56E-GEC is set up, it will accept incoming ASCII text from a client only.

GEC.Servers[0]	{}
■ GEC.Servers[0].ReadData	{}
■ GEC.Servers[0].ReadDataCount	31
	2031

- 1 When the MVI56E-GEC receives an ASCII string from a client, the **GEC.STAT.SERVER[X].RX** controller tag increments by 1. You will need to monitor this tag to determine a new message was received.
- 2 The GEC.SERVERS[X].READDATA array contains the ASCII text of the new message. This array is overwritten every time a new string is received. You will need to create logic that monitors when a new message is received (GEC.STAT.SERVER[X].RX increases by 1), and copies the text out of the GEC.SERVERS[X].READDATA array.
- 3 The number of characters received in the new message is located at GEC.SERVERS[X].READDATACOUNT.
- 4 The accumulated total number of characters received is located at **GEC.SERVERS[X].READTOTALCOUNT**.

5 Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

The module provides information on diagnostics and troubleshooting in the following forms:

- LED status indicators on the front of the module provide general information on the module's status.
- Status data contained in the module can be viewed through the Configuration/Debug port, using the troubleshooting and diagnostic capabilities of *ProSoft Configuration Builder (PCB)*.
- Status data values can be transferred from the module to processor memory and can be monitored there manually or by customer-created logic.

5.1 LED Indicators

The LEDs indicate the module's operating status as follows:

LED	Color	Status	Indication
APP	Red or Green	Off	No connections established over Ethernet (Client or Server)
		Green	At least one connection is established (Client or Server)
		Red	During operation, this LED will remain Red in case all connections (Client or Server) previously established have been terminated. In case a single connection is established, the LED will be Green.
			 This LED will also be temporarily set as Red during one of the following conditions: The firmware is initializing during startup. The module is rebooting due to a Cold or Warmboot request from the ladder logic of Debug Menu.
ОК	Red or Green	Off	The module is not receiving adequate power or is not securely fastened into the rack.
		Green	The module is operating normally.
		Red	The module has detected an error or is being initialized. If the LED remains red for over 10 seconds, the program has probably halted. Remove the card from the rack and re-insert the card to restart the module's program.
ERR	Red or Green	Off	Not Used

5.1.1 Ethernet Port LED Indicators

LED	State	Description
10/100	Off	No activity on the Ethernet port.
	Green Flash	The Ethernet port is actively transmitting or receiving data.
LINK/ACT	Off	No physical network connection is detected. No Ethernet communication is possible. Check wiring and cables.
	Green Solid	Physical network connection detected. This LED must be On solid for Ethernet communication to be possible.

5.1.2 Scrolling LED

The MVI56E-GEC scrolling LED is be implemented as follows:

Initialization

Code	Message
Boot	Module is initializing
Waiting for Processor Connection	Module is waiting to connect to processor.
MVI56E-GEC_vXX.YY.ZZZ Last Config: <date></date>	Indicates the last date when the module changed its IP address.

After Initialization, the following pattern will be repeated:

<Backplane Status> <IP Address>

Code	Message
Backplane Status	OK: Module is communicating with processor
	ERR: Module is unable to communicate with processor
	Processor faulted: PLC is faulted.
	Processor in program mode: PLC is in program mode.
	Processor faulted or is in program mode
IP Address	MVI56E-GEC's IP Address

5.1.3 Clearing a Fault Condition

Typically, if the OK LED on the front of the module turns Red for more than ten seconds, a hardware problem has been detected in the module or the program has exited.

To clear the condition, follow these steps:

- **1** Turn off power to the rack.
- 2 Remove the card from the rack.
- **3** Verify that all jumpers are set correctly.
- 4 If the module requires a Compact Flash card, verify that the card is installed correctly.
- 5 Re-insert the card in the rack and turn the power back on.
- 6 Verify correct configuration data is being transferred to the module from the ControlLogix controller.

If the module's OK LED does not turn Green, verify that the module is inserted completely into the rack. If this does not cure the problem, contact ProSoft Technology Technical Support.

5.1.4 Troubleshooting

Use the following troubleshooting steps if you encounter problems when the module is powered up. If these steps do not resolve your problem, please contact ProSoft Technology Technical Support.

Processor Errors

Problem description	Steps to take
Processor fault	Verify that the module is plugged into the slot that has been configured for the module in the I/O Configuration of Studio 5000 Logix Designer. Verify that the slot location in the rack has been configured correctly in the ladder logic.
Processor I/O LED flashes	This indicates a problem with backplane communications. A problem could exist between the processor and any installed I/O module, not just the MVI56E-GEC. Verify that all modules in the rack are correctly configured in the ladder logic.

Module Errors

Problem description	Steps to take
Scrolling LED display: <backplane status=""> condition reads ERR</backplane>	This indicates that backplane transfer operations are failing. Connect to the module's Configuration/Debug port to check this. To establish backplane communications, verify the following items:
	 The processor is in RUN or REM RUN mode. The backplane driver is loaded in the module. The module is configured for read and write data block transfer. The ladder logic handles all read and write block situations. The module is properly configured in the processor I/O configuration and ladder logic.
OK LED remains Red	The program has halted or a critical error has occurred. Connect to the Configuration/Debug port to see if the module is running. If the program has halted, turn off power to the rack, remove the card from the rack and re-insert it, and then restore power to the rack.

5.2 **ProSoft Configuration Builder Diagnostics Menu**

1 In the tree view in ProSoft Configuration Builder, right-click the **MVI56E-GEC** module and then choose **DIAGNOSTICS**.



2 After the *Diagnostics* window opens, click the **SET UP CONNECTION** button to browse for the module's IP address.



Click to set up connection

3 In the *Ethernet* field of the *Connection Setup* dialog box, enter the current IP address, whether it is temporary or permanent. Click **TEST CONNECTION** to verify that the module is accessible with the current settings.

Connection Setup X
Select Connection Type: Ethernet
Ethernet
ProSoft Discovery Service (PDS) Browse Device(s)
CIPconnect
t:192.168.0.100,p:1,s:0\$56
CIP Path Edit
Test Connection Connect Cancel

4 If the **TEST CONNECTION** is successful, click **CONNECT**. The *Diagnostics* window is now visible.



5.2.1 Diagnostics Menu Navigation

In the *Diagnostics* window in ProSoft Configuration Builder, the Diagnostics menu is available through the Ethernet configuration port. The menu is arranged as a tree structure.

5.2.2 Viewing Module Information



Image: Diagnostics Connection Log Module Image: Diagnostics Image: Diagnostic State Image: Diagnostite State I	
Connection Log Module	×
MVI56E-GEC Time MVI56E-GEC MVI56E-GEC > MODULE > Version : [Refresh color MVI56E-GEC PRODUCT NAME CODE :GCE5 :GCE5 Config OPERATING SYSTEM REVISION LEVEL :2.01 :Devel :1119	
MVI56E-GEC ^ MVI56E-GEC ^ MVI56E-GEC > MODULE > Version : [Refresh Color Refresh Color PRODUCT NAME CODE :GCE5 Config SOFTWARE REVISION LEVEL :2.01 OPERATING SYSTEM REVISION :1119	
MODULE MVI56E-GEC > MODULE > Version : [Refresh Coll Image: Product NAME CODE :GCE5 Image: Config SOFTWARE REVISION LEVEL :2.01 Image: Image: OPERATING SYSTEM REVISION :1119	: 18.57.10 🔺
BACKPLANE RUN NUMBER :2801 PROGRAM SCAN COUNTER :47655 ID DADRESS :102.168.0.250 BEC SERVER 0 ETHENET ADDRESS :00:0d:8d:02:a6:e9 BACKPLANE DRIVER VERSION :2.7 BACKPLANE DRIVER VERSION :2.7 BACKPLANE DRIVER VERSION :2.7 BACKPLANE DRIVER VERSION :2.7 BACKPLANE DRIVER VERSION :1.3 BACKPLANE DRIVER VERSION :1.3 BACKPLANE DRIVER VERSION :1.3 BACKPLANE DRUVER VERSION :1.3 BACKPLANE NODULE NAME :1000 DEVICE TYPE :12 PRODUCT CODE Status SERIAL NUMBER :0000E073 BECSERVER 2 REVISION :2.1 BACKPLANE SLOT :1 BACKPLANE Status SLOT BACKPLANE Status SLOT BACKPLANE Status SLOT BACKPLANE Status SLOT BACKPLANE Status Status BACKPLANE	unter: 21]
Path "Ethemet - 192.168.0.250"	

MODULE > Config

S Diagnostics X
Connection Log Module
Image: Multiple Gec ↑ MVI56E-GEC ↑ MVI56E-GEC > MODULE > Config : [Refresh Courr
Modu le Name :MVI56E-GEC
E-as BACKPLANE
EC SERVER 0
Config
GEC SERVER 1
Path "Ethernet - 192.168.0.250"

MODULE > NIC Status

S Diagnostics			×
Connection Log Module			
			Time , 10 57 70 (
MVI56E-GEC	MVT56E-GEC > MODULE > NTC STR	tus ·	[Pefresh Counter: 2]
Image: Status Image: Status Image: Status	MUISOE-GEC > MODULE > NIC Sta Link Status Link Lost Auto-Negotiation Speed Duplex Ethernet Address (MAC) IP Address Sub-Net Mask Gateway	LUNK OK :1 :00 :FULL-DUPLEX :00:0d:8d:02:a6:e9 :192.168.0.250 :192.168.0.1	[Refresh Counter: 2]
Path "Ethemet - 192.168.0.250"			<u> </u>

5.2.3 Monitoring Backplane Information

BACKPLANE > Status

of Diagnostics			×
Connection Log Module			
📜 🐌 反 💽 🚔			
MVI56E-GEC			Time : 18.57.50 🔺
🚊 💑 MODULE	MVI56E-GEC > BACKPLANE > Stat	us :	[Refresh Counter: 3]
Cal Version Cal Config Cal Config	Processor State Read Write Parsing Error	:Run :7698 :7699 :7698 :0	
Config			V
Path "Ethernet - 192.168.0.250"			

5.2.4 Monitoring MVI56E-GEC Server X Information

GEC SERVER X > Config

S Diagnostics		×
Connection Log Module		
1 3 2 3 2		
MVI56E-GEC		Time : 18.58.32
🖻 💑 MODULE	MVI56E-GEC > GEC SERVER 0 > Config :	[Refresh Counter:
Version	Enabled :No	
	Service Port :0	
	Swap TX Data Bytes :N	
Status	Maximum Buffer Size :8192	
	close Type :0	
Config		
Status		
🖨 💑 GEC SERVER 1		
Config		
GEC SERVER 3		
Config		
🗌 🔤 Status 🗸		-1
Path "Ethernet - 192.168.0.250"		<u> </u>

GEC SERVER X > Status

S Diagnostics				×
Connection Log Module				
MVIS6E-GEC → MODULE → Q Version → Q Config → Q Status → Q Status → Q GEC SERVER 0 → Q GEC SERVER 1 → Q Config → Q Config → Q Status → Q GEC SERVER 1 → Q Config → Q Status	^	MVI56E-GEC > GEC SERVER 0 > St Enabled State IP Of Connected Host Port Of Connected Host Open Count Establish Count Close Count Receive Message Count Receive Message Length Receive Message Length Receive Message Length Transmit Message Count Transmit Message Length Transmit Message Length Transmit Message Length Transmit Overflow Count Transmit Overflow Count Timeout Error Count Configuration Error Word	Eatus : NO Waiting For a Client (0 :0.0.0.0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0x0000 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0	Time : 18.58.57 ▲] [Refresh Counter:)
Path "Ethernet - 192.168.0.250"	•			

5.2.5 Monitoring MVI56E-GEC Client X Information

GEC CLIENT X	> Status
--------------	----------



5.3 MVI56E-GEC Status Controller Tags

The MVI56E-GEC module returns status data to the ControlLogix processor in each read block. This data is transferred to the ControlLogix processor continuously with each read block.

The status data includes:

- Module version, product name, Operating Systems version
- Server Configuration and Status
- Client Configuration and Status

General status:

▲ GEC.Stat	{}
 GEC.Stat.BlkErrs 	{}
 GEC.Stat.Client 	{}
GEC.Stat.OP	{}
 GEC.Stat.PassCnt 	22693
GEC.Stat.Product	{}
 GEC.Stat.Rev 	{}
GEC.Stat.Run	{}
 GEC.Stat.Server 	{}

Backplane status:

∠ GEC.Stat	{}
GEC.Stat.BlkErrs	{}
GEC.Stat.BlkErrs.Err	0
GEC.Stat.BlkErrs.Parse	-2737
GEC.Stat.BlkErrs.Read	-2737
GEC.Stat.BlkErrs.Write	-2737

Client Status:

▲ GEC.Stat.Client	{}
GEC.Stat.Client[0]	{}
GEC.Stat.Client[1]	{}
GEC.Stat.Client[2]	{}
GEC.Stat.Client[3]	{}
GEC.Stat.Client[4]	{}

 GEC.Stat.Client 	{}
▲ GEC.Stat.Client[0]	{}
 GEC.Stat.Client[0].Connected 	0
GEC.Stat.Client[0].IP	16#0000_0000
GEC.Stat.Client[0].Port	0
GEC.Stat.Client[0].RxCount	0
 GEC.Stat.Client[0].RxOverflow 	0
 GEC.Stat.Client[0].Spare 	0
 GEC.Stat.Client[0].State 	-1
GEC.Stat.Client[0].TxCount	0
GEC.Stat.Client[0].TxOverflow	0

Server Status:

▲ GEC.Stat.Server	{}
 GEC.Stat.Server[0] 	{}
 GEC.Stat.Server[1] 	{}
 GEC.Stat.Server[2] 	{}
GEC.Stat.Server[3]	{}
GEC.Stat.Server[4]	{}

 GEC.Stat.Server 	{}
▲ GEC.Stat.Server[0]	{}
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].CfgErrword 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Close 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Enabled 	'\$00N'
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Est 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].IP 	{}
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Open 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Port 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Rx 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].RxOverflow 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].State 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Timeout 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].Tx 	0
 GEC.Stat.Server[0].TxOverflow 	0

GEC.Stat.PassCnt	2755
GEC.Stat.Product	{}
GEC.Stat.Product[0]	'CG'
GEC.Stat.Product[1]	'5E'
▲ GEC.Stat.Rev	{}
 GEC.Stat.Rev[0] 	'.2'
 GEC.Stat.Rev[1] 	'10'
GEC.Stat.Run	{}
 GEC.Stat.Run[0] 	'82'
GEC.Stat.Run[1]	'10'

5.4 Connecting to the Module's Webpage

The module's internal web server provides access to module version and status information, as well as the ability to set the date and time, reboot the module, and download firmware upgrade to the module. Enter the assigned IP address of the module into a web browser or use the following steps in PCB.

1 In the PCB Diagnostics window, click the **SET UP CONNECTION** button.



- 2 In the Connection Setup dialog box, click **BROWSE DEVICE(S)** to start *ProSoft* Discovery Service.
- **3** Right-click the module icon and choose **VIEW MODULE'S WEBPAGE** to launch your default browser and display the module's webpage.





6 Reference

6.1 **Product Specifications**

The MVI56E-GEC Generic ASCII Ethernet Interface module is designed to allow ControlLogix processors to interface easily with ASCII devices using the TCP/IP protocol and the ControlLogix processor. Compatible devices may be either ASCII instruments with Ethernet built-in or Ethernet connection via a thin server to the existing ASCII device.

Five servers and clients are present on the module permitting both the reception and transmission of data between the Rockwell Automation processor and attached devices.

The MVI56E-GEC module is a powerful communication interface for ControlLogix processors. Developed under license from Rockwell Automation, the module incorporates proprietary backplane technology that enables powerful data access between the module and the ControlLogix processor.

Five servers and clients are present on the module permitting both the reception and transmission of data between the ControlLogix processor and attached devices.

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6.1.1 General Specifications

- Single Slot 1756 backplane compatible
- The module is recognized as an Input/Output module and has access to processor memory for data transfer between processor and module.
- Ladder Logic is used for data transfer between module and processor. Sample ladder file included.
- Configuration data obtained from configuration text file downloaded to module. Sample configuration file included
- Local or remote rack

6.1.2 Hardware Specifications

Specification	Description
Backplane Current Load	800 mA @ 5 Vdc
· .	3 mA @ 24 Vdc
Operating Temperature	0°C to 60°C (32°F to 140°F)
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F)
Shock	30 g operational
	50 g non-operational
	Vibration: 5 g from 10 Hz to 150 Hz
Relative Humidity	5% to 95% (without condensation)
LED Indicators	Battery Status (ERR)
	Application Status (APP)
	Module Status (OK)
4-Character, Scrolling, Alpha-	Shows Module, Version, IP, Application Port
Numeric LED Display	Setting, Port Status, and Error Information
Ethernet Port (E1)	Description
Ethernet Port	10/100 Base-T, RJ45 Connector, for CAT5 cable
	Link and Activity LED indicators
	Auto-crossover cable detection

6.1.3 Functional Specifications

- Five Servers and five Clients to receive and/or transmit data
- 10/100 Base-T Ethernet-compatible interface
- Configurable parameters
 - Service port number
 - Connection timeout
 - \circ Close type
- Simple ladder logic operation
- Setup and monitoring through RS-Logix 5000 software
- ControlLogix backplane interface via I/O access
- Each Server monitors
 - o State
 - IP and port number of connected Client
 - Error codes
- Each Client monitors
 - o State
 - IP and port number of connected Server
 - Message related parameters
- ASCII character strings up to 2048 characters in length supported
- Module error and status conditions returned to processor for diagnostic purposes
 - o Module status
 - Port error status word (bit mapped)
 - o Port receive state
 - Port receive character count
 - Port transmit state
 - Port transmit character count
- All data related to the module is contained in a single controller tag with defined objects to simplify the configuration, monitoring, and interfacing with the module
- Module configuration and communication configuration data is transferred to the MVI56E-GEC via a pre-defined user data type in the processor

6.2 Functional Overview

6.2.1 General Concepts

The following discussion explains several concepts that are important for understanding module operation.

Module Power Up

On power up the module begins performing the following logical functions:

- 1 Initialize hardware components
 - Initialize ControlLogix backplane driver
 - Test and clear all RAM
 - Initialize the TCP/IP stack and Ethernet interface
- 2 Initialize servers and clients

After the module has received the configuration, the module will begin receiving and transmitting messages with clients and servers on the Ethernet network.

Backplane Data Transfer

The MVI56E-GEC module communicates directly over the ControlLogix backplane. Data travels between the module and the ControlLogix processor across the backplane using the module's input and output images. The update frequency of the data is determined by the user-defined scan rate for the module, and the communication load on the module. Typical updates are in the range of 2 to 10 milliseconds.

Data received by the module's clients and servers is placed in the module's Database. This data is read and then processed by the ladder logic in the ControlLogix processor through the Input Image (Local Input connection). The input image parameter in Studio 5000 Logix Designer for the module is set to 250 registers (500 bytes).

The processor writes data through the Output Image (Local Output connection) for transfer into the module's Database. The module's program extracts the data from the module's Database and transmits the data out to the Ethernet network. Each message is directed to a client or server that is connected to a remote host. The Output image parameter in Studio 5000 Logix Designer for the module is set to 248 registers (496 bytes). This large I/O area permits fast throughput of data between the module and the processor.

The following illustration shows the data transfer method used to move data between the ControlLogix processor, the MVI56E-GEC module, and the Ethernet network.



All data transferred between the module and the processor over the backplane is through the input and output images. Ladder logic must be written in the ControlLogix processor to interface the input and output image data defined in the controller tags.

You must configure the module properly for accurate reception of data through its ports, and you must program the ladder logic to interpret the data from the module and send the correct response to the module.

Use the sample ladder logic program to establish data transfer between the module and the processor.

Normal Data Transfer

Normal data transfer includes data transmitted between clients and servers, and status data. Data transfer takes place through read (input image) and write (output image) blocks.

Refer to Installing and Configuring the Module for a description of the data objects used with the blocks, and the ladder logic required.

The following topics discuss the structure and function of each block.

Read Block

These blocks of data transfer information from the module to the ControlLogix processor. The following table shows the structure of the input image used to transfer this data.

	Word Offset	Description
Received 0 Server/Client Number for data receiv Data 1, no receive data is present. If the w block contains data for one of the sel contains a value of 10 to 14, the block clients.		Server/Client Number for data received. If the word contains a value of - 1, no receive data is present. If the word contains a value from 0 to 4, the block contains data for one of the servers in the module. If the word contains a value of 10 to 14, the block contains data for one of the clients.
	1	Number of characters (0 to 200) in receive block (2 to 101). If the receive data in the module is larger than 200 bytes, multiple blocks will be transferred. Any block with a value of -1 in this field represents the first or continuation block and the block contains 200 bytes of data. The last block of data will contain a positive number in this field that represents the number of characters in the last block.
	2 to 101	200 bytes of data received for specified server or client.
Module Status	102 to 234	This data area contains the status data block. Each block transferred to the processor contains this set of information.
IDs for Servers, Clients and Message Blocks	235 to 246	Reserved for future use.
	247	Value for designated Server or Client number during writing process (0-4) for Servers (10-14) for clients.
	248	Number of characters processed from last write block (0 to 400).
	249	Block Sequence Number (Bumped each scan by module)

The Block Sequence Number (word offset 249) is an index value that signals to the ControlLogix processor that a new block is ready for processing. The ladder logic must recognize a change in this value, and then process the data encapsulated in the input image. If data is available for a server, the module passes a block containing data received and the complete status data area to the processor. The value at word 0 in the block contains one of the following values:

Value	Description
-1	No receive data in block
0	Server 0 data in block
1	Server 1 data in block
2	Server 2 data in block
3	Server 3 data in block
4	Server 4 data in block
10	Client 0 data in block
11	Client 1 data in block
12	Client 2 data in block
13	Client 3 data in block
14	Client 4 data in block

Word 1 of the input image determines the number of bytes in the data area of the block. This word only has significance if word 0 of the block is set to a valid server index value (0 to 4), or client index value (10 to 14).

Multiple Blocks

If a server or client receives a message longer than 200 bytes, it must send the received message in multiple blocks to the processor. In this case, the byte count field of the block will be set to -1 for each block where the server is sending more than 200 characters. Each block with a byte count field of -1 contains 200 bytes of data. The data set is located in the block starting at word offset 2. When the last block of data to send by the server is less than or equal to 200 bytes, the byte count field will be set to a number from 1 to 200. This signifies to the processor that this is the last block. The ladder logic must handle data received on each server or client enabled in the module.

The module status data begins at word offset 102. Refer to Installing and Configuring the Module for a full discussion of this data set. The ladder logic should use the state value of each server to determine which servers have open connections (state value of 1). Ladder logic can send messages to any open connection.

Word 248 of the message informs the ladder logic of the number of bytes sent in the last write block that were processed by a server. Ladder logic should check to make sure all bytes sent to a server are processed. If not, data may be lost.

The last word of the input image (word offset 249) is the block sequence number. This word's value changes each time the module has processed the previous output image or is sending new information to the processor. This value should be copied to the first word of the output image (write block sequence number). Both the processor and the module can easily recognize the arrival of new data by the sequence number.

Write Block

These blocks of data transfer information from the ControlLogix processor to the module. The following table shows the structure of the output image used to transfer this data.

Output Image	Word Offset	Description	
	0	Block Sequence Number (Read block number as set by module)	
Transmit Data	1	Server/Client Number for data to transmit. If the word contains a value of -1, no transmit data is present. If the word contains a value from 0 to maximum number of servers -1, the block contains data to send from the specified server in the module. If the word contains a value from 10 to 14, then the block contains data to send from one of the clients.	
	2	Number of characters to transmit to a server or client. Each block can transmit up to 400 bytes of data. If this word contains a value of -1, the block contains 400 bytes of data and more blocks of data are to follow. When the module received the last block containing a positive value representing the number of bytes in the block, the server or client will transmit the data to the end device.	
	3 to 202	Data to transmit on specified server or client.	
Transmit Control	203 to 212	Client connection request data.	
	213 to 235	Reserved for future use	
	236	Server[0] Control Word (1=Abort)	
	237	Server[1] Control Word (1=Abort)	
	238	Server[2] Control Word (1=Abort)	
	239	Server[3] Control Word (1=Abort)	
	240	Server[4] Control Word (1=Abort)	
	241	Client[0] Control Word	
	242	Client[1] Control Word	
	243	Client[2] Control Word	
	244	Client[3] Control Word	
	245	Client[4] Control Word	
	246	Server Control Word	
	247	Module Control Word contains a value of 0, -1, -2 or -3.	

The Block Sequence Number is received on the last read block transfer through the input image on the module. The ladder logic should copy this value from word 249 of the input image to word 0 of output image in the ladder logic.

Block ID	Description
0 to 65535	Normal data blocks for read and write

Note: This is the last operation performed when constructing the write block. The module's program will trigger the Process Write Block function when it recognizes a new value in word 0 of the output image.

Words 236 to 240 are used for server socket control. If the server socket is established and the user sets the value in the appropriate word to 1, the server state will be changed to 1003 (new server state) and will abort the socket immediately. It will then reopen the socket to wait for a new connection. These words should be set to zero when no operation is required.

Value	Description
-1	No transmit data in block
0	Server 0 data in block
1	Server 1 data in block
2	Server 2 data in block
3	Server 3 data in block
4	Server 4 data in block
10	Client 0 data in block
11	Client 1 data in block
12	Client 2 data in block
13	Client 3 data in block
14	Client 4 data in block

Word 1 of the block contains one of the following values:

If the word is set to a value of -1, there is no data in the message. A value of 0 to 4 will cause the enclosed message to be sent to the server if the message length is set to a value other than zero and the server has an open connection. A value of 10 to 14 will cause the enclosed message to be sent to the client if a message length is set to a value other than zero. Word 2 of the block defines the length of data in the block.

Up to 400 bytes of data can be sent in each block starting at word offset 3 in the block. If the message to be sent to a server is longer than 400 bytes, multiple blocks are required. If more than 400 bytes are required to send, the message length field (Word Offset 2) should be set to a value of -1 and 400 bytes of data should be placed in the block. When 400 or fewer bytes remain to be sent, the message length field should be set to that value and the remaining data placed in the block.

The client or server will accept messages up to a length of 2048 bytes. If a message over 2048 bytes is sent, the data in the bytes over the max size roll over and are placed at the beginning of the *GEC.CLIENTS[X].READDATA* array.

For example, a message of 2050 bytes will result in the 2049th byte in *GEC.CLIENTS[X].READDATA[0]* and the 2050th byte in *GEC.CLIENTS[X].READDATA[1]*.

Word offsets 203 and 212 request a new connection for one of the five clients in the module. The format of this data area is shown in the following table.

Word	Description	
203	Client to utilized for connection (10 to 14)	
204	Reserved for future use.	
205 to 208	IP address of server to which connection will be made. Each word contains one of the digits of a dotted notation IP address.	
209	Service port in server to which connection will be made. This service must be available in the server for the connection to succeed.	
210	Swap Rx data bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)	
211	Swap Tx data bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)	
212	Client TimeOut value in milliseconds. The client will close the connection with remote Server after the specified milliseconds once data transfer ceases between the client and the remote Server. A value of 0 will keep the connection open indefinitely.	

Ladder logic is required to transfer this data to the block when a connection is required. The ladder logic should also clear the area after the connection is requested. The example ladder logic present in this document presents code to accomplish these tasks.

Client Control Word Codes

Words 241 to 245 close the connection on one of the clients. The following table lists the values recognized by the module for these words:

Code	Definition
0	No operation to perform
1	Close the client socket
2	Abort the client socket

Server Control Word Codes

The last two words of the image control the server or the module. The server control word (word 246) controls the server. The following table lists the values recognized by the module:

Code	Definition
0	No operation to perform
1	Close socket after transmit operation
2	Abort socket after transmit operation

If a value of 0 is present in the field, the server takes no action. If a value of 1 is present in the field, the server will gently close the socket after it transmits the message contained in the block. If a value of 2 is present, the server will send the message contained in the block and then force the connection closed by sending a reset message to the client.

Module Control Word Codes

Word 247 is used to control the module. The following table lists the commands recognized by the module.

Code	Definition
0	No operation to perform
-1	Warm boot module
-2	Cold boot module
-3	Build configuration files

The module will perform the action specified in the command control word.

Configuration Block

In order to support module configuration from the ladder logic, a write block format is required when the Control Word is set to -3. The following table shows the general structure of the block:

	Word Offset	Description			
	0	Block Sequence Number (Read block number as set by module)			
[Module]	1 to 40	Module Name (80 characters of data with null termination)			
	41 to 50	Password (20 characters with null termination)			
[Server 0]	51	Enabled (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	52	Service port			
	53	Connection Timeout			
	54	Connection Close Type (0, 1 or 2)			
	55	Swap Rx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	56	Swap Tx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
[Server 1]	57	Enabled (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	58	Service port			
	59	Connection Timeout			
	60	Connection Close Type (0, 1 or 2)			
	61	Swap Rx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	62	Swap Tx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
[Server 2]	63	Enabled (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	64	Service port			
	65	Connection Timeout			
	66	Connection Close Type (0, 1 or 2)			
	67	Swap Rx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	68	Swap Tx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
[Server 3]	69	Enabled (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	70	Service port			
	71	Connection Timeout			
	72	Connection Close Type (0, 1 or 2)			
	73	Swap Rx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	74	Swap Tx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
[Server 4]	75	Enabled (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	76	Service port			
	77	Connection Timeout			
	78	Connection Close Type (0, 1 or 2)			
	79	Swap Rx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
	80	Swap Tx Data Bytes (0 = No, not 0 = Yes)			
My_IP	81 to 84	The IP address for the module. Each word contains one of the four values that comprise the IP address. For example, 192.168.0.100.			
Netmask	85 to 88	Network mask. Each word contains one of the values for the network mask.			
Gateway	89 to 92	Default gateway			
	93 to 96	Default network			
	97 to 100	Default subnet mask			
	101 to 246	Reserved for future use			
	247	Module Control Word contains a value of -3 to indicate build configuration file option.			

When configuring the module from the ladder logic, use numeric values to select options (0 for "No" and non-zero for "Yes") rather than text values. After the module receives this block, it will build the two configuration files and perform a reboot operation. The module will then use the new configuration.

Handling Multiple Blocks

It is important to understand how to handle multiple blocks. The module can only send 200 bytes at each scan to the processor. For example, if a device sends a message that contains 1000 bytes to the module, the module will break the message down into 5 blocks of 200 bytes. The first four blocks will set the number of characters parameter as -1, indicating that each block is part of the same message. The last block sets the number of characters to 200, indicating that there are no more blocks from that message.

The concept is the same for writing data from the processor to the module, except that you can write up to 400 bytes at a time to the module. The module buffers all data until it receives a block that contains the "number of characters" parameter set to >=0. In this case, it sends all data to the client that is connected to the server, or the server connects to the client.

Important: Messages are usually broken down into smaller frames by the IP layer in a specific LAN or WAN according to the Maximum Transmit Unit (MTU) of the network.

For example, a message that contains 2000 bytes can be broken down into 2 messages by the IP layer in the network (after it is sent to the module). The same issue is applied when a client sends data to the server; although a client sends a single message to the module, it could be broken down into smaller fragments before it gets to the module. In this case, the module would interpret it as two different messages.

The application layer defines when a message is finished. This is the reason why the user should consider using some sort of control so the ladder could identify different messages as actually part of one single message. This could be accomplished either by using a specific character at the end of each message or by using a fixed length for each message.

Network Data Transfer

In order for data to be transferred between the module and another device, a TCP/IP connection must be made between a client and a server on the module. The MVI56E-GEC module contains five servers that listen on the user assigned service ports waiting for a connection. When a client wishes to send data to the module, it must open a TCP/IP connection to the module. After the connection is established, either device can send and receive data. When either device is finished with the connection, the connection must be closed. This operation can be initiated from either end device.

The MVI56E-GEC module servers and clients are configured to handle their TCP/IP session independently. The user parameter Connection Timeout is utilized to determine the amount of time a connection can remain idle before the server will close the connection. If the parameter is set to 0, the server will not perform the timeout logic and the socket will never be closed by the server on an idle condition. If this feature is utilized, it can prevent connections that may be lost and were not properly closed. After the connection is established, the ladder logic should verify that the client had not been communicating for some time and close the connection.

Each server on the module is assigned its own server port number. This does not mean that two or more servers cannot share the same port number. In fact this might be desirable in some instances. It is up to the ladder logic to keep track of each message and to insure that a request/response transaction is associated with the correct connection. Information to keep track of each connection is passed in each input image. The status data set provides the IP address and TCP port address for the connection on each server. Each message transferred between the module and the processor has a server index word. This word associates the message with a server, which is associated with a connection to a specific IP address and TCP port address. Therefore, each connection is specified to the processor by the server index. The following illustration shows a snapshot of the modules status data:

Server	Status Data	Description of Server
Server 0	IP of Host (192.168.0.100)	This server is connected (State=1) to IP address 192.168.0.100 on TCP port 1243.
	Port of Host (1243)	
	State = 1	
Server 1	IP of Host (192.168.0.100)	This server is connected (State=1) to IP address 192.168.0.100 on TCP port 1244.
	Port of Host (1244)	
	State = 1	
		· ·
Server 2	IP of Host (192.168.0.101)	This server is connected (State=1) to IP address 192.168.0.101 on TCP port 56443.
	Port of Host (56443)	
	State = 1	
Server 3	IP of Host (192.168.0.102)	This server is connected (State=1) to IP address 192.168.0.102 on TCP port 7943.
	Port of Host (7943)	
	State = 1	
Server 4	IP of Host (0.0.0.0)	This server is not connected (State not equal to 1) and is waiting for a connection.
	Port of Host (0)	
	State = 0	

Ladder logic can send messages to the clients connected to servers 0 to 3. Messages sent to server 4 will not be sent from the module because there is no connection active on that server.

Each server has a state value in the status data area. This value is utilized by the ladder logic to determine if a connection is present on server. The following table defines the state status values used by each server:

Server state list

State Value	Definition
-1	Server is initializing and is being set up to listen.
0	The server is waiting for a client to establish a connection.
1	The server has established a connection with a client and can send or receive
	data.
1000	The server has initiated a close operation on the connection.
1001	The server is waiting for the close on the connection to complete.
1002	The server is issuing an abort (reset) on the connection. The socket is forced
	closed.
1003	The server is issuing an abort (reset) on the connection due to control from user.

Client state list

State Value	Definition
-1	Client is waiting for a connection request.
0	The client is waiting to establish the connection with the server.
1	The client has established a connection with the server and can send and receive data.
1000	The client has initiated a close operation on the connection.
1001	The client is waiting for the close on the connection to complete.
1002	The client is issuing an abort (reset) on the connection. The socket is forced closed.

Client Connection States

State Value	Definition
-4	The Client is idle and not connected. It was disconnected by time value entered in
	the tag for clients' connection setup Time-Out register.
-3	Server closed connection for client or server is not available.
-2	Unable to open connection with specified server.
-1	Unable to open connection with specified server because of invalid IP address.
0	The client is idle and not connected. Disconnected by the ladder logic timer.
1	The client set to connect to the server and waiting for the connection to establish.
2	The client is connected to the server and can transfer data.
3	The connection is being closed for the client.

Ladder logic should only direct messages to servers that have a state status value of 1. The module will ignore all messages sent to servers with any other state value.

When the ladder logic sends a message to a server, it can request that the socket be closed after the message is sent. The server control word in the output image is used for this purpose. Place a value of 1 in this register to gently close the connection after the message is sent. If a value of 2 is placed in the register, the server will abort the connection to force the socket closed (send a message with the Reset Flag set to the client). Most applications will have the client close the socket.

6.3 Status Data

This section contains a listing of the data contained in the MVI56E-GEC status data object.

Object in GSCInStat	Block Offset Start	Description
PassCnt	102	Program cycle counter
Product	103	Product name as ASCII string
Rev	105	Revision level as ASCII string
OP	107	Operating system level as ASCII string
Run	109	Run number as ASCII string
BlkErrs.Read	111	Number of blocks transferred from module to processor
BlkErrs.Write	112	Number of blocks transferred from processor to module
BlkErrs.Parse	113	Number of blocks parsed by module
BlkErrs.Err	114	Number of block errors in module
Server[0].Enabled	115	This flag defines if the server is utilized. A value of 0 indicates the server is not used. Any other value indicates the server is used.
Server[0].State	116	This flag defines the current state of the server.
Server[0].IP	117	This double-word value contains the IP address of the client connected to the server.
Server[0].Port	119	This word value contains the port address for the client connected to the server.
Server[0].Open	120	Indicates that the module has opened the server port and is waiting for a connection to a client.
Server[0].Established	121	This status value contains the total number of times a connection was established on the socket.
Server[0].Closed	122	This status value contains the total number of times a close operation was performed on the socket.
Server[0].RxCount	123	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the server.
Server[0].RxOverflow	124	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the server.
Server[0].TxCount	125	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the server.
Server[0].TxOverflow	126	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the server.
Server[0].Timeout	127	This status value contains the total number of times a connection timeout occurred on the socket. This status value is incremented each time a connection timeout or a socket close timeout (2 seconds) occurs.
Server[0].CfgErrWord	128	This bit mapped word defines the configuration errors for the server.
Server[1].Enabled	129	This flag defines if the server is utilized. A value of 0 indicates the server is not used. Any other value indicates the server is used.
Server[1].State	130	This flag defines the current state of the server.
Server[1].IP	131	This double-word value contains the IP address of the client connected to the server.
Server[1].Port	133	This word value contains the port address for the client connected to the server.

Object in GSCInStat	Block Offset Start	Description
Server[1].Open	134	Indicates that the module has opened the server port and is waiting for a connection to a client.
Server[1].Established	135	This status value contains the total number of times a connection was established on the socket.
Server[1].Closed	136	This status value contains the total number of times a close operation was performed on the socket.
Server[1].RxCount	137	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the server.
Server[1].RxOverflow	138	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the server.
Server[1].TxCount	139	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the server.
Server[1].TxOverflow	140	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the server.
Server[1].Timeout	141	This status value contains the total number of times a connection timeout occurred on the socket. This status value is incremented each time a connection timeout or a socket close timeout (2 seconds) occurs.
Server[1].CfgErrWord	142	This bit mapped word defines the configuration errors for the server.
Server[2].Enabled	143	This flag defines if the server is utilized. A value of 0 indicates the server is not used. Any other value indicates the server is used.
Server[2].State	144	This flag defines the current state of the server.
Server[2].IP	145	This double-word value contains the IP address of the client connected to the server.
Server[2].Port	147	This word value contains the port address for the client connected to the server.
Server[2].Open	148	Indicates that the module has opened the server port and is waiting for a connection to a client.
Server[2].Established	149	This status value contains the total number of times a connection was established on the socket.
Server[2].Closed	150	This status value contains the total number of times a close operation was performed on the socket.
Server[2].RxCount	151	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the server.
Server[2].RxOverflow	152	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the server.
Server[2].TxCount	153	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the server.
Server[2].TxOverflow	154	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the server.
Server[2].Timeout	155	This status value contains the total number of times a connection timeout occurred on the socket. This status value is incremented each time a connection timeout or a socket close timeout (2 seconds) occurs.
Server[2].CfgErrWord	156	This bit mapped word defines the configuration errors for the server.

Object in GSCInStat	Block Offset Start	Description
Server[3].Enabled	157	This flag defines if the server is utilized. A value of 0 indicates the server is not used. Any other value indicates the server is used.
Server[3].State	158	This flag defines the current state of the server.
Server[3].IP	159	This double-word value contains the IP address of the client connected to the server.
Server[3].Port	161	This word value contains the port address for the client connected to the server.
Server[3].Open	162	Indicates that the module has opened the server port and is waiting for a connection to a client.
Server[3].Established	163	This status value contains the total number of times a connection was established on the socket.
Server[3].Closed	164	This status value contains the total number of times a close operation was performed on the socket.
Server[3].RxCount	165	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the server.
Server[3].RxOverflow	166	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the server.
Server[3].TxCount	167	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the server.
Server[3].TxOverflow	168	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the server.
Server[3].Timeout	169	This status value contains the total number of times a connection timeout occurred on the socket. This status value is incremented each time a connection timeout or a socket close timeout (2 seconds) occurs.
Server[3].CfgErrWord	170	This bit mapped word defines the configuration errors for the server.
Server[4].Enabled	171	This flag defines if the server is utilized. A value of 0 indicates the server is not used. Any other value indicates the server is used.
Server[4].State	172	This flag defines the current state of the server.
Server[4].IP	173	This double-word value contains the IP address of the client connected to the server.
Server[4].Port	175	This word value contains the port address for the client connected to the server.
Server[4].Open	176	Indicates that the module has opened the server port and is waiting for a connection to a client.
Server[4].Established	177	This status value contains the total number of times a connection was established on the socket.
Server[4].Closed	178	This status value contains the total number of times a close operation was performed on the socket.
Server[4].RxCount	179	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the server.
Server[4].RxOverflow	180	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the server.
Server[4].TxCount	181	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the server.

Object in GSCInStat	Block Offset Start	Description
Server[4].TxOverflow	182	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the server.
Server[4].Timeout	183	This status value contains the total number of times a connection timeout occurred on the socket. This status value is incremented each time a connection timeout or a socket close timeout (2 seconds) occurs.
Server[4].CfgErrWord	184	This bit mapped word defines the configuration errors for the server.
Client[0].Connected	185	This flag defines if the client is utilized and connected to a server. A value of 0 indicates the client is not connected and can be utilized for a connection. Any other value indicates the client is connected and being used.
Client[0].State	186	This flag defines the current state of the client.
Client[0].IP	187	This double-word value contains the IP address of the server connected to the client.
Client[0].Port	189	This word value contains the port address for the server connected to the client.
Client[0].RxCount	190	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the client.
Client[0].RxOverflow	191	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the client.
Client[0].TxCount	192	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the client.
Client[0].TxOverflow	193	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the client.
Client[0].spare	194	Reserved for future use
Client[1].Connected	195	This flag defines if the client is utilized and connected to a server. A value of 0 indicates the client is not connected and can be utilized for a connection. Any other value indicates the client is connected and being used.
Client[1].State	196	This flag defines the current state of the client.
Client[1].IP	197	This double-word value contains the IP address of the server connected to the client.
Client[1].Port	199	This word value contains the port address for the server connected to the client.
Client[1].RxCount	200	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the client.
Client[1].RxOverflow	201	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the client.
Client[1].TxCount	202	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the client.
Client[1].TxOverflow	203	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the client.
Client[1].spare	204	Reserved for future use
Object in GSCInStat	Block Offset Start	Description
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Client[2].Connected	205	This flag defines if the client is utilized and connected to a server. A value of 0 indicates the client is not connected and can be utilized for a connection. Any other value indicates the client is connected and being used.
Client[2].State	206	This flag defines the current state of the client.
Client[2].IP	207	This double-word value contains the IP address of the server connected to the client.
Client[2].Port	209	This word value contains the port address for the server connected to the client.
Client[2].RxCount	210	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the client.
Client[2].RxOverflow	211	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the client.
Client[2].TxCount	212	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the client.
Client[2].TxOverflow	213	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the client.
Client[2].spare	214	Reserved for future use
Client[3].Connected	215	This flag defines if the client is utilized and connected to a server. A value of 0 indicates the client is not connected and can be utilized for a connection. Any other value indicates the client is connected and being used.
Client[3].State	216	This flag defines the current state of the client.
Client[3].IP	217	This double-word value contains the IP address of the server connected to the client.
Client[3].Port	219	This word value contains the port address for the server connected to the client.
Client[3].RxCount	220	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the client.
Client[3].RxOverflow	221	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the client.
Client[3].TxCount	222	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the client.
Client[3].TxOverflow	223	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the client.
Client[3].spare	224	Reserved for future use
Client[4].Connected	225	This flag defines if the client is utilized and connected to a server. A value of 0 indicates the client is not connected and can be utilized for a connection. Any other value indicates the client is connected and being used.
Client[4].State	226	This flag defines the current state of the client.
Client[4].IP	227	This double-word value contains the IP address of the server connected to the client.
Client[4].Port	229	This word value contains the port address for the server connected to the client.

Object in GSCInStat	Block Offset Start	Description
Client[4].RxCount	230	This status value contains the total number of messages received by the client.
Client[4].RxOverflow	231	This status value contains the total number of messages received that exceed the user specified buffer size for the client.
Client[4].TxCount	232	This status value contains the total number of messages transmitted by the client.
Client[4].TxOverflow	233	This status value contains the total number of transmit messages that exceeded the user specified maximum buffer size for the client.
Client[4].spare	234	Reserved for future use

The following table describes the format format of the server configuration error word.

Bit Position		Description
Bit 0	0x01	A value other than Y or N was entered for the server enabled parameter.
Bit 1	0x02	Not utilized
Bit 2	0x04	A value less than 5000 is entered for the Connection Timeout parameter other than 0.
Bit 3	0x08	An invalid value is entered for the Connection Close Type parameter. The program only accepts value of 0 to 2.

6.3.1 Configuration Error Word Bits

6.4 Configuration Data

This section contains a listing of the parameters and their definitions for the MVI56E-GEC module configuration.

[Section]/Item	Range	Description
[MODULE]		Module parameter definitions
Module Name:	0 to 80 characters	This parameter assigns a name to the module that can be viewed using the configuration/debug port. Use this parameter to identify the module and the configuration file.
Password:	Up to 20 chars	Not supported with the latest release

[Section]/Item	Range	Description
[Server 0]		Server definitions
Enabled:	Y or N	This parameter determines if the server will be utilized by the module. If a value of "Y" is entered, the server will be used. Any other value will disable the server.
Service Port Number:	1 to 65535	This parameter sets the TCP/IP service port for this server. Each server can have its own unique service port or can share the same number with other servers.
Connection Timeout:	0 or 5000 to 65535	This parameter specifies the number of milliseconds the server will permit the server to be inactive after a connection is made before closing the socket. This timeout period is reset on each read or write packet. If the parameter is set to 0, the connection will not timeout.
Connection Close Type:	0, 1 or 2	This coded parameter defines the personality of the server after a connection is made. If the parameter is set to 0, the socket will only be closed when a request from the client is received or the connection timeout is exceeded. If a value of 1 is selected, the server will close the socket after it transmits a single message. If a value of 2 is selected, the server will close the socket after it receives a message.
Swap Rx Data Bytes:	Y or N	This parameter is determines if the data received by the server will have the byte order of the data swapped. If the parameter is set to N, no byte swapping will occur. If the parameter is set to Y, the odd byte will be swapped with the even byte in each word of data received.
Swap Tx Data Bytes:	Y or N	This parameter is determines if the data to be transmitted by the server will have the byte order of the data swapped. If the parameter is set to N, no byte swapping will occur. If the parameter is set to Y, the odd byte will be swapped with the even byte in each word of data received.

Note: Add other [Server n] sections for each server to be utilized.

[Section]/Item	Range	Description
[Server n]		Server definitions
Enabled:	Y or N	This parameter determines if the server will be utilized by the module. If a value of "Y" is entered, the server will be used. Any other value will disable the server.
Service Port Number:	1 to 65535	This parameter sets the TCP/IP service port for this server. Each server can have its own unique service port or can share the same number with other servers.
Connection Timeout:	0 or 5000 to 65535	This parameter specifies the number of milliseconds the server will permit the server to be inactive after a connection is made before closing the socket. This timeout period is reset on each read or write packet. If the parameter is set to 0, the connection will not timeout.
Connection Close Type:	0, 1 or 2	This coded parameter defines the personality of the server after a connection is made. If the parameter is set to 0, the socket will only be closed when a request from the client is received or the connection timeout is exceeded. If a value of 1 is selected, the server will close the socket after it transmits a single message. If a value of 2 is selected, the server will close the socket after it receives a message.
Swap Rx Data Bytes:	Y or N	This parameter is determines if the data received by the server will have the byte order of the data swapped. If the parameter is set to N, no byte swapping will occur. If the parameter is set to Y, the odd byte will be swapped with the even byte in each word of data received.
Swap Tx Data Bytes:	Y or N	This parameter is determines if the data to be transmitted by the server will have the byte order of the data swapped. If the parameter is set to N, no byte swapping will occur. If the parameter is set to Y, the odd byte will be swapped with the even byte in each word of data received.

7 Support, Service & Warranty

7.1 Contacting Technical Support

ProSoft Technology, Inc. is committed to providing the most efficient and effective support possible. Before calling, please gather the following information to assist in expediting this process:

- **1** Product Version Number
- 2 System architecture
- 3 Network details

If the issue is hardware related, we will also need information regarding:

- 1 Module configuration and associated ladder files, if any
- 2 Module operation and any unusual behavior
- **3** Configuration/Debug status information
- 4 LED patterns
- 5 Details about the serial, Ethernet or Fieldbus devices interfaced to the module, if any.

Note: For technical support calls within the United States, ProSoft Technology's 24/7 after-hours phone support is available for urgent plant-down issues.

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For additional ProSoft Technology contacts in your area, please visit: <u>www.prosoft-technology.com/About-Us/Contact-Us</u>.

7.2 Warranty Information

For complete details regarding ProSoft Technology's TERMS & CONDITIONS OF SALE, WARRANTY, SUPPORT, SERVICE AND RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION INSTRUCTIONS, please see the documents at: www.prosoft-technology/legal